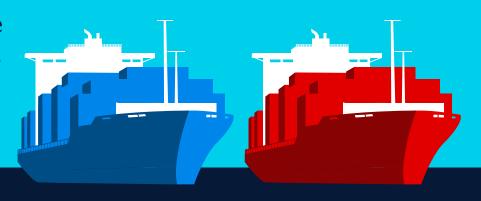


U.S. election and trade policy: What investors need to know



In the Loop August 2024

Key Insights

- Deglobalization, support for U.S. industry, and competition with China—these touchstones are likely to inform trade policy no matter who wins the election.
- Trump would likely focus on trade deficits and use trade as a negotiating tool.
 Harris would likely favor a multilateral approach to competing with China.
- For investors, understanding companies' exposure to overseas supply chains and their potential to increase prices in response to rising costs will be critical.



Gil Fortgang
Washington Associate
Analyst, U.S. Equity Division
of T. Rowe Price Investment
Management, Inc.

eglobalization, support for key domestic industries, and economic competition with China—these touchstones are likely to inform U.S. trade policy whether Democrat Kamala Harris or Republican Donald Trump wins the election.

But how each of the major-party presidential candidates would seek to make free trade fairer from the perspective of U.S. interests differs dramatically in scope and approach.

These divergences could have important implications for markets, industries, and geopolitics during the next president's time in office and beyond.

A Trump presidency would likely focus on trade deficits

Former President Trump and some of his key advisers have tended to regard significant trade deficits with other countries as potential signs of unfair competition and a detriment to the U.S. economy.

During Trump's four years in the White House, his administration sought to alleviate some of these imbalances by imposing tariffs on roughly USD 380 billion worth of imports, the bulk of which were from China.

In the runup to the 2024 election, Trump repeatedly has floated a 10% border tax on all goods coming to the U.S. from abroad and a tariff as high as 60% on imports from China.

Setting aside feasibility and the specific numbers, these pronouncements signal that a second Trump administration likely would take an aggressive stance on trade policy that would extend beyond China.

Such an approach could set the stage for extracting concessions, either on trade or to further other policy objectives.

Trade restrictions focused on specific industries or companies could also be in the cards, along with efforts to institute stronger rules on goods' country of origin.

Companies seeking to avoid tariffs have taken to shipping their products from or assembling them in countries with which the U.S. has free trade agreements. This workaround appears to be one of the reasons that U.S. trade deficits with countries such as Vietnam and Mexico have increased as its trade imbalance with China has declined somewhat (Figure 1).

How personnel can shape policy

Broad strokes aside, the specifics of Trump's trade policy are difficult to predict—as are the possible responses of the affected countries.

If Trump wins the election, I'll be paying close attention to the views of key appointees, especially the U.S. trade representative and the secretary of the Treasury. Who Trump

puts in charge of specific agencies will shape the debate within the administration and drive policy outcomes.

Less is known about Harris's views on trade. However, if she were to win the presidency, her administration would likely retain a good deal of personnel from the Biden White House, suggesting that certain themes could also carry over to how it might handle trade.

A Harris presidency would likely take its cues from Biden's trade policies

What characterized the Biden-Harris administration's approach to trade? Much of the emphasis has been on economic competition with China.

During his presidential term, Joe Biden left in place the tariffs that Trump levied on Chinese imports. His administration also took targeted actions on trade that tended to be informed by national security considerations and efforts to strengthen domestic industry:

Semiconductors and artificial intelligence (AI): Via export controls and rules on outbound investment, Biden sought to limit China's access to the tools and expertise needed to produce the advanced chips and other technologies at the heart of AI and quantum computing. 66

...a second Trump administration likely would take an aggressive stance on trade policy that would extend beyond China.

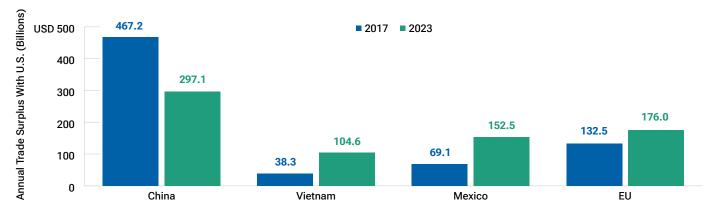
- Protecting against overcapacity:

The Biden administration recently introduced tariffs affecting a modest USD 18 billion worth of goods imported from China. These measures focused on industries where China has squeezed competition by building up excess productive capacity, including electric vehicles, steel and aluminum, and solar power components.

In addition to focusing on strategically important industries, a Harris administration would probably favor a multilateral approach to trade policy, seeking to engage traditional U.S. allies.

U.S. trade deficit has shrunk with China and expanded with Mexico and Vietnam

(Fig. 1) Annual trade surplus with the U.S., 2017 and 2023



As of February 7, 2024 Source: U.S. Census Bureau via FactSet.

Three areas where the election outcome could make a difference:

1. Trade with China

A win by Trump:

Tariffs: U.S. could levy higher import taxes covering a wider range of Chinese goods.

Import-export controls: Additional restrictions are possible, potentially expanding beyond AI-related technologies.

A win by Harris:

Tariffs: Dramatic expansion of tariffs is unlikely. Selective actions based on national security and industrial priorities are possible.

Import-export controls: Additional restrictions are possible, potentially expanding beyond AI-related technologies.

2. Trade with Europe

A win by Trump:

Tariffs: Trump could use trade policy as a lever to achieve other objectives, such as pressuring the European Union to increase defense spending.

Ramifications: The EU could respond in kind with its own tariffs. A more contentious U.S.-EU relationship might hamper cooperation in other areas.

A win by Harris:

More of the same: Where possible, a Harris administration would likely seek to work with traditional U.S. allies on trade and geopolitical challenges.

. United States-Mexico-Canada Agreement (USMCA)

A win by Trump:

Contentious renegotiation: This trade agreement from Trump's presidency comes up for review in 2026. Trump's stated priorities of limiting the flow of immigrants and Chinese goods across the U.S.-Mexico border create the potential for a contentious renegotiation.

Border control: Expect a push to limit tariff loopholes, potentially through stronger restrictions on the countries from which goods originate and limits on the amount of content that come from certain countries.

A win by Harris:

USMCA review: The review process would likely be less contentious. Limits on the trans-shipment of goods and adjustments to narrow other loopholes are possible.

U.S. election could shape the pace of deglobalization

Protectionist impulses should remain alive and well in Washington, regardless of which party is in the White House.

A Harris presidency would likely take a measured approach to trade policy that focuses on competition with China. Trump has signaled that he favors a more aggressive tack that would accelerate the process of deglobalization.

Amid these uncertainties, deep fundamental research can be a critical differentiator. The investment professionals at a well-resourced global asset management firm, for example, may be better positioned to understand individual companies' exposure to overseas supply chains and their potential to increase prices in response to rising costs.

INVEST WITH CONFIDENCE™

T. Rowe Price identifies and actively invests in opportunities to help people thrive in an evolving world, bringing our dynamic perspective and meaningful partnership to clients so they can feel more confident.

Important Information

This material is being furnished for general informational and/or marketing purposes only. The material does not constitute or undertake to give advice of any nature, including fiduciary investment advice. Prospective investors are recommended to seek independent legal, financial and tax advice before making any investment decision. T. Rowe Price group of companies including T. Rowe Price Associates, Inc. and/or its affiliates receive revenue from T. Rowe Price investment products and services. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future performance. The value of an investment and any income from it can go down as well as up. Investors may get back less than the amount invested.

The material does not constitute a distribution, an offer, an invitation, a personal or general recommendation or solicitation to sell or buy any securities in any jurisdiction or to conduct any particular investment activity. The material has not been reviewed by any regulatory authority in any jurisdiction.

Information and opinions presented have been obtained or derived from sources believed to be reliable and current; however, we cannot guarantee the sources' accuracy or completeness. There is no guarantee that any forecasts made will come to pass. The views contained herein are as of the date written and are subject to change without notice; these views may differ from those of other T. Rowe Price group companies and/or associates. Under no circumstances should the material, in whole or in part, be copied or redistributed without consent from T. Rowe Price.

The material is not intended for use by persons in jurisdictions which prohibit or restrict the distribution of the material and in certain countries the material is provided upon specific request. It is not intended for distribution to retail investors in any jurisdiction.

DISCLOSURE CONTINUES ON THE FOLLOWING PAGE.

Important Information (cont.)

Australia—Issued by T. Rowe Price Australia Limited (ABN: 13 620 668 895 and AFSL: 503741), Level 28, Governor Phillip Tower, 1 Farrer Place, Sydney NSW 2000, Australia. For Wholesale Clients only.

Brunei—This material can only be delivered to certain specific institutional investors for informational purpose only. Any strategy and/or any products associated with the strategy discussed herein has not been authorised for distribution in Brunei. No distribution of this material to any member of the public in Brunei is permitted.

Canada—Issued in Canada by T. Rowe Price (Canada), Inc. T. Rowe Price (Canada), Inc.'s investment management services are only available to Accredited Investors as defined under National Instrument 45-106. T. Rowe Price (Canada), Inc. enters into written delegation agreements with affiliates to provide investment management services.

Colombia, Chile, Mexico, Perù, Uruguay—This material is prepared by T. Rowe Price International Ltd - Warwick Court, 5 Paternoster Square, London, EC4M 7DX which is authorised and regulated by the UK Financial Conduct Authority - and issued and distributed by locally authorized distributors only. For professional investors only.

DIFC—Issued in the Dubai International Financial Centre by T. Rowe Price International Ltd which is regulated by the Dubai Financial Services Authority as a Representative Office. For Professional Clients only.

EEA—Unless indicated otherwise this material is issued and approved by T. Rowe Price (Luxembourg) Management S.à r.I. 35 Boulevard du Prince Henri L-1724 Luxembourg which is authorised and regulated by the Luxembourg Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier. For Professional Clients only.

Hong Kong—Issued in Hong Kong by T. Rowe Price Hong Kong Limited, 6/F, Chater House, 8 Connaught Road Central, Hong Kong. T. Rowe Price Hong Kong Limited is licensed and regulated by the Securities & Futures Commission. For Professional Investors only.

Indonesia—This material is intended to be used only by the designated recipient to whom T. Rowe Price delivered; it is for institutional use only. Under no circumstances should the material, in whole or in part, be copied, redistributed or shared, in any medium, without prior written consent from T. Rowe Price. No distribution of this material to members of the public in any jurisdiction is permitted.

Korea – This material is intended only to Qualified Professional Investors. Not for further distribution.

Mainland China—This material is provided to qualified investors only. No invitation to offer, or offer for, or sale of, the shares will be made in the mainland of the People's Republic of China ("Mainland China", not including the Hong Kong or Macau Special Administrative Regions or Taiwan) or by any means that would be deemed public under the laws of the Mainland China. The information relating to the strategy contained in this material has not been submitted to or approved by the China Securities Regulatory Commission or any other relevant governmental authority in the Mainland China. The strategy and/or any product associated with the strategy may only be offered or sold to investors in the Mainland China that are expressly authorized under the laws and regulations of the Mainland China to buy and sell securities denominated in a currency other than the Renminbi (or RMB), which is the official currency of the Mainland China. Potential investors who are resident in the Mainland China are responsible for obtaining the required approvals from all relevant government authorities in the Mainland China, including, but not limited to, the State Administration of Foreign Exchange, before purchasing the shares. This document further does not constitute any securities or investment advice to citizens of the Mainland China, or nationals with permanent residence in the Mainland China, or to any corporation, partnership, or other entity incorporated or established in the Mainland China.

Malaysia—This material can only be delivered to specific institutional investor. This material is solely for institutional use and for informational purposes only. This material does not provide investment advice or an offering to make, or an inducement or attempted inducement of any person to enter into or to offer to enter into, an agreement for or with a view to acquiring, disposing of, subscribing for or underwriting securities. Nothing in this material shall be considered a making available of, solicitation to buy, an offering for subscription or purchase or an invitation to subscribe for or purchase any securities, or any other product or service, to any person in any jurisdiction where such offer, solicitation, purchase or sale would be unlawful under the laws of Malaysia.

New Zealand—Issued by T. Rowe Price Australia Limited (ABN: 13 620 668 895 and AFSL: 503741), Level 28, Governor Phillip Tower, 1 Farrer Place, Sydney NSW 2000, Australia. No Interests are offered to the public. Accordingly, the Interests may not, directly or indirectly, be offered, sold or delivered in New Zealand, nor may any offering document or advertisement in relation to any offer of the Interests be distributed in New Zealand, other than in circumstances where there is no contravention of the Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013.

Philippines—ANY STRATEGY AND/ OR ANY SECURITIES ASSOCIATED WITH THE STRATEGY BEING DISCUSSED HEREIN HAVE NOT BEEN REGISTERED WITH THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION UNDER THE SECURITIES REGULATION CODE. ANY FUTURE OFFER OR SALE OF THE STRATEGY AND/ OR ANY SECURITIES IS SUBJECT TO REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS UNDER THE CODE, UNLESS SUCH OFFER OR SALE QUALIFIES AS AN EXEMPT TRANSACTION.

Singapore—Issued by T. Rowe Price Singapore Private Ltd. (UEN: 201021137E), 501 Orchard Rd, #10-02 Wheelock Place, Singapore 238880. T. Rowe Price Singapore Private Ltd. is licensed and regulated by the Monetary Authority of Singapore. For Institutional and Accredited Investors only.

South Africa—Issued in South Africa by T. Rowe Price International Ltd (TRPIL), Warwick Court, 5 Paternoster Square, London EC4M 7DX, is an authorised financial services provider under the Financial Advisory and Intermediary Services Act, 2002 (Financial Services Provider (FSP) Licence Number 31935), authorised to provide "intermediary services" to South African Investors. TRPIL's Complaint Handling Procedures are available to clients upon request. The Financial Advisory and Intermediary Services Act Ombud in South Africa deals with complaints from clients against FSPs in relation to the specific services rendered by FSPs. The contact details are noted below: Telephone: +27 12 762 5000, Web: www.faisombud.co.za, Email: info@faisombud.co.za

Switzerland—Issued in Switzerland by T. Rowe Price (Switzerland) GmbH, Talstrasse 65, 6th Floor, 8001 Zurich, Switzerland. For Qualified Investors only.

Taiwan—This does not provide investment advice or recommendations. Nothing in this material shall be considered a solicitation to buy, or an offer to sell, a security, or any other product or service, to any person in the Republic of China.

Thailand—This material has not been and will not be filed with or approved by the Securities Exchange Commission of Thailand or any other regulatory authority in Thailand. The material is provided solely to "institutional investors" as defined under relevant Thai laws and regulations. No distribution of this material to any member of the public in Thailand is permitted. Nothing in this material shall be considered a provision of service, or a solicitation to buy, or an offer to sell, a security, or any other product or service, to any person where such provision, offer, solicitation, purchase or sale would be unlawful under relevant Thai laws and regulations.

UK—This material is issued and approved by T. Rowe Price International Ltd, Warwick Court, 5 Paternoster Square, London EC4M 7DX which is authorised and regulated by the UK Financial Conduct Authority. For Professional Clients only.

USA—Issued in the USA by T. Rowe Price Investment Management, Inc., 100 East Pratt Street, Baltimore, MD, 21202, which is regulated by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. For Institutional Investors only.

© 2024 T. Rowe Price. All Rights Reserved. T. ROWE PRICE, INVEST WITH CONFIDENCE, and the Bighorn Sheep design are, collectively and/or apart, trademarks of T. Rowe Price Group, Inc.