

# Global Asset Allocation: The View From Europe

August 2024

## 1 Market Perspective



- Global growth is showing increasing signs of cooling along with easing inflationary pressures.
- Recent data across labour markets, consumers and businesses are pointing toward moderating US growth. European growth is supported by services, while manufacturing lags. Japanese growth is expected to rebound from a contraction earlier in the year. China extends stimulus measures to support housing and to the consumer to stabilise growth.
- There are growing concerns that the Fed may be behind on rate cutting amid more evidence of slowing growth. The European Central Bank (ECB) maintains a dovish stance, with further cuts expected. The Bank of Japan (BoJ) rattled markets with a surprise rate hike, despite soft economic growth. The Bank of England (BoE) has cut despite services and wage inflation remaining above levels of 5%.
- Key risks to global markets include a steeper decline in growth, central bank policy missteps, the election calendar, geopolitical tensions and the trajectory of Chinese growth.

## **2** Portfolio Positioning

As of 31 July 2024



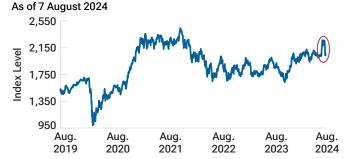
- We remain modestly overweight equities with the recent pullback broadly improving valuations. While markets remain concentrated, valuations beyond narrow leadership are reasonable with earnings growth supportive.
- We maintain an overweight to cash relative to bonds. Cash yields still remain attractive and they provide liquidity should market opportunities arise.
- Within equities, we remain overweight value based on more attractive relative valuations. Value is likely to benefit from easing monetary
  policy, while growth faces the hurdle of higher expectations.
- Within fixed income, we continue to favor higher-yielding sectors—including high yield and emerging markets bonds—as fundamentals remain broadly supportive.

## **3** Market Themes

### You're Killing Me, Smalls

Going into the recent Fed meeting, anticipation for the bank to signal that it was nearing the start of rate cuts led small-caps to outperform larger counterparts by 10% for the month. Unfortunately for those small-cap investors, who have long been waiting for a recovery in a space held captive by higher-for-longer rates, those gains were quickly killed. The next day's weak jobs report and the untimely move by the BoJ reversed the market narrative around impending rate cuts being supportive for small-caps to instead reflect that it is too late to help an already weakening US economy. The worse-than-expected jobs number follows other recent data suggesting weakness in manufacturing and consumer finances. The view that small-caps' vulnerability to higher interest rates would now be allayed amid lower rates has been overwhelmed by concerns about their economic sensitivity, which the market now seems to be prioritising. With the prospects of a soft landing now in question, it's less likely that interest rate cuts alone will be sufficient to fuel small-cap outperformance until we see clear evidence that growth is going to be stabilised.

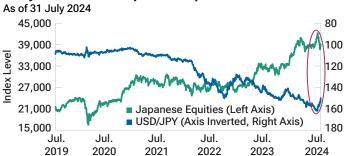
### Small-Caps Crash Into Growth Fears



#### **Getting Carried Away**

The unfortunate timing of the BoJ's surprise interest rate hike last week, colliding with the Fed's decision to delay the start of cutting rates the day before disappointing US labour market data were released, sent global risk assets plummeting. Japanese equities were among the hardest hit after having been the darlings of the developed markets since last year on improving investor sentiment and reflation hopes. The sharp move lower in Japanese equities was exacerbated by the dramatic move higher in the yen as investors scrambled to get out of carry trades where they were short the lower-yielding yen and long other higher-yielding currencies. The yen carry trade has been a longtime favourite and crowded trade where significant leverage can be deployed, making today's unwind concerning as investors could be taking substantial losses as they are forced to buy back yen at much higher levels. This unfortunately comes at a time when the market narrative for US growth has changed just as quickly with fears that the Fed may be behind the curve, and it likely has made the Fed and BoJ's jobs a lot harder than they already were.

## Carry Unwind Hits Japanese Equities<sup>2</sup>



#### Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future performance.

Source: Bloomberg Finance L.P.

<sup>1</sup> Small-caps are represented by the Russell 2000 Index. Please see Additional Disclosures for more information about this Russell sourcing.

<sup>2</sup> Japanese equities are represented by the Nikkei 225 Index.



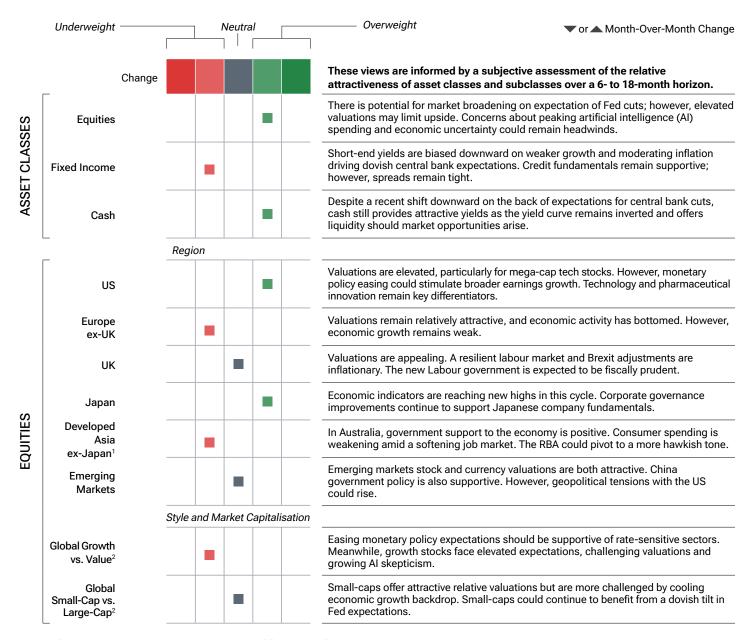
appear unlikely

#### **Positives** The ECB has started cutting rates - Economic growth remains weak Europe U Inflation has been steadily declining - Geopolitical uncertainty remains heightened Economic outlook has stabilised - Earnings growth remains weak, with minimal tailwinds from innovative technologies The BoE has cut its policy rate Fiscal consolidation may need to be accelerated United Inflation has been steadily declining Tight labour market could keep wage inflation Kingdom Economic growth outlook has stabilised stubbornly high Stock valuations have become challenging Monetary policy expectations are improving United 0 Corporate earnings are strong Inflation remains sticky **States** Wage growth is moderating to sustainable levels Economic data have been surprising to Recent inflation reports have been lower the downside Political uncertainty is heightened Economic indicators are pointing to a - The BoJ has hiked its policy rate Japan 0 reflationary environment Yen volatility is creating uncertainty Corporate governance improvements are resulting in stronger company fundamentals Macro data in China are marginally improving Prolonged China deflation remains a concern Asia Pacific Monetary easing in China is part of an incremental China property market issues are dampening ex-Japan loosening approach consumer sentiment In Australia, the housing market and rebounding - A slowing job market in Australia is impacting commodity prices support the wealth effect consumer spending. The Reserve Bank of Australia (RBA) could turn more hawkish, given sticky inflation Export-led sectors are benefiting from improving - Chinese property deleveraging continues to Emerging global trade weigh on activity **Markets** Monetary policy is loosening in many Chinese consumer and business confidence emerging markets remain fragile Meaningful fiscal stimulus measures

U Underweight N Neutral O Overweight

Views are informed by the Asset Allocation Committee and regional investment committees (United Kingdom, Europe, Australia, Japan and Asia) and reflect the equity market.

## **EUROPEAN INVESTMENT COMMITTEE POSITIONING**



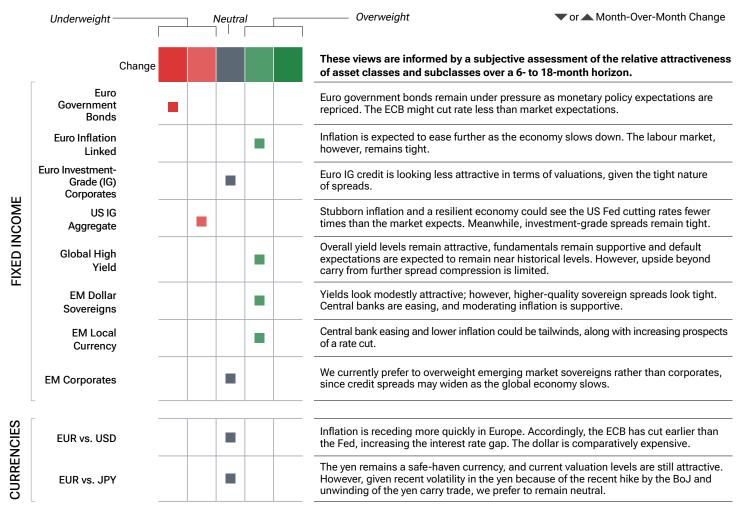
### Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future performance.

The asset classes across the equity and fixed income markets shown are represented in our multi-asset portfolios. Certain style and market capitalisation asset classes are represented as pairwise decisions as part of our tactical asset allocation framework.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Includes Australia.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>For pairwise decisions in style and market capitalisation, positioning within boxes represents positioning in the first-mentioned asset class relative to the second asset class.

## **EUROPEAN INVESTMENT COMMITTEE POSITIONING**



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The specific securities identified and described are for informational purposes only and do not represent recommendations.



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